

Citing your references using British Standard (numeric) system

Which referencing system should I use?

Before using this guide, please check with your faculty / department or tutor which referencing system you should be using and whether guidelines are provided for you.

Note that some Faculty / Departments may expect both a list of (cited) references and a separate (general) bibliography. In the British Standard system you can put references which you have not included in the text in a separate bibliography (reference list) arranged alphabetically by surname of author.

Why it is important to cite references:

- it is accepted practice in the academic world to acknowledge the words, ideas or work of others and not to use them as if they were your own. Failure to do this could be regarded as plagiarism, further details at: <http://www.brookes.ac.uk/library/skill/plagiarism.html>
- to enable other people to identify and trace your sources quickly and easily
- to support facts and claims you have made in your text.

A referencing system consists of 2 parts:

- 1) In-text citation/s
- 2) An entry in the reference list/bibliography at the end of your work

1) In-text citations

Cited publications are numbered in the order in which they are first referred to in your work, (instead of naming authors in your text, each reference that you refer to is allocated a number). This applies to all the information sources you use, including electronic sources.

Numbers appear in the text in square or round brackets or as a superscript numeral. Choose which option you prefer and be consistent. If the same publication is referred to more than once in your text, use the same number each time.

eg The proposal was suggested in the House of Commons (1) and revised later the same year (2). Simmons (3) tabled further amendments during the next session.

Where there are more than 3 authors, cite the first author followed by et al.

eg Moy et al. (4) suggested.

Page numbers should be included when there is a need to be more specific, for example when making a direct quotation: **eg** As Kelvin stated (1 p.100) 'the value of...'

Quotations

Short quotations may be run into the text, using single quotation marks:

eg As Kelvin stated (1 p.100) 'the value of...'

Longer quotations should be separated from the rest of the text by means of indentation and optional size reduction, and do not need quotation marks:

eg Simone de Beauvoir (3 p.365) examined her own past and wrote:

The past is not a peaceful landscape lying there behind me, a country in which I can stroll wherever I please, and will gradually show me all its secret hills and dates. As I was moving forward, so it was crumbling.

2) Reference list / bibliography

References are arranged in numerical order using the same number you assigned them in the body of the text. (Note: British Standard ISO 690:2010 recommends putting authors in capitals, however common practice does not tend to follow this).

You can put references which you have not included in the text in a separate bibliography (reference list) arranged alphabetically by surname of author.

Book include the following information (where possible) in the following order:

Author

Surname first, followed by first name or initial/s.

If there is more than 1 author, all authors should be included if possible (see eg 2 below).

If any authors are omitted give the first author followed by "and others" or "et al."

If the book is edited, use ed. after the name.

If there is no author (the work is anonymous), begin the reference with the title of the book.

Title

Capitalise the first letter of the first word and any proper nouns.

Use italics for the title.

Edition

Only include the edition number if it is not the first.

Place of publication, Publisher, Year of publication

Include the place of publication, followed by the publisher, followed by the date of publication.

Pages

If quoting a specific section include the pages where the quote occurs.

Insert the abbreviation pp. before the page numbers (p. if a single page).

eg 1. Pilcher, J. *Age and generation in modern Britain*. Oxford: Oxford University Press, 1995.

eg 2. Hitchcock, Tim and Michele Cohen, eds. *English masculinities, 1660-1800*. London: Longman, 1999.

eg 3. Connell, Raewyn. *Masculinities*. 2nd ed. Cambridge: Polity, 2005.

E-book include the following information (where possible) in the following order:

Author: follow guidelines above (under book)

Title: follow guidelines above (under book)

[Online] in square brackets

Place of publication, Publisher, Year of publication

[Accessed] in square brackets with the date you viewed it - (you may also use [viewed])

Available from: URL (this should be the URL of the e-book collection if it is from a collection).

eg Neville, Colin. *The complete guide to referencing and avoiding plagiarism* [online]. Maidenhead: Open University Press, 2007, [Accessed 11 June 2011]. Available from: <http://www.dawsonera.com/>

Chapter in an edited book

Include the following information: author of chapter (last name followed by initial), chapter title, In:, author of book the chapter is from (initial/s followed by last name), title of book (in italics), place of publication, publisher, year of publication, page numbers.

eg Franklin, A.W. Management of the problem. In: S.M. Smith, ed. *The Maltreatment of children*. Lancaster: MTP, 2002, pp.83-95.

Journal article (in print / paper format)

Information can usually be found at head of article or contents page. Remember if you have referred to a journal article in your text, number the reference to match its number in the text.

Author

As for books – see pg.2. (use last name followed by initial/s for first author, use initial/s followed by last name for other authors)

Title of article

Use the title given at the beginning of the article.

Title of journal

Use the title given on the front of the journal and use italics.

Year of publication

If applicable record the month as well as year.

Volume and Issue or part number

Include volume number (in bold) and issue number (in brackets) if applicable

Pages

As for books – see pg.2.

eg King, A. Football fandom and post-national identity in the new Europe. *The British Journal of Sociology*, 2000, **51**(3), pp.419-442.

eg Cooper, S. Almost tomorrow. *Book and Magazine Collector*, July 2006, no.270, pp.51-61.

Electronic / Online Journal article

Same as for printed journal article AND ALSO INCLUDE:

[Online] in square brackets after the journal title

[Accessed] after the page numbers (in square brackets with the date you viewed it)

Available from (this should be the URL of the e-journals collection if it is from a collection).

eg Francis, Becky. University Lecturers' Perceptions of Gender and Undergraduate Writing. *British Journal of Sociology of Education* [online], 2003, **24**(3), pp. 357-373. [Accessed 3 September 2011]. Available from: <http://ejournals.ebsco.com/>

Newspaper articles

eg Bailey, M. Hopes for ports reorganisation despite dock labour squalls. *Times*, 29 May 1975, p.21.

Online newspaper article: include the following information (where available) in the following order: author, article title, newspaper title, [online] after the newspaper title, date accessed (Accessed in square brackets with the date you viewed it), page number, Available from: (include url or newspaper collection if it is from a collection).

Film, video or broadcast

- eg *Dave Allen at large*, BBC TV, 25 February 2006.
- eg Dimbleby, David. *Any questions*. BBC Radio 4, 4 March 2006
- eg *Casablanca* [film]. Directed by Michael Curtiz. UK: Warner, 1999.

Conference Papers

- eg Robertson, J. The economics of local recovery. *In: The other economic summit*, 17/18 April 1986, Tokyo. London: The Other Economic Summit, 1986, pp.5-10

Website take the information from the website itself or the associated homepage:

- eg Labour Party. *Policy guide* [online]. 2010. [Accessed 3 September 2011]. Available from: <http://www.labour.org.uk/policies/home>

Personal Communication (email, letter conversation)

Include name (of sender, author, speaker), method of communication and receiver (in italics), date.

- eg Saunders, L. *Email to Linda Hinton*, 18 August 2007.

Further reading:

Bosworth, D. *Citing your references: a guide for authors of journal articles and students writing theses or dissertations*. Abergavenny : GSSE, 2004.

British Standards Institution. *Information and documentation — Guidelines for bibliographic references and citations to information resources*. London: BSI, 2010 (BS ISO 690)

British Standards Institution. *Recommendations for citing and referencing published materials*. London: BSI, 1990 (BS 5605).

British Standards Institution. *Recommendations for citation of unpublished documents*. London: BSI, 1983 (BS 6371).

Dees,R. *Writing the modern research paper*, 3rd ed. Boston: Allyn & Bacon, 2000.

EndNote

You can use EndNote, available from the Library and pooled room computers, to build up a database of your references. EndNote will automatically format the citations in your text and the references in your bibliography in the style you need.

For full details see: <http://www.brookes.ac.uk/library/endnote.html>